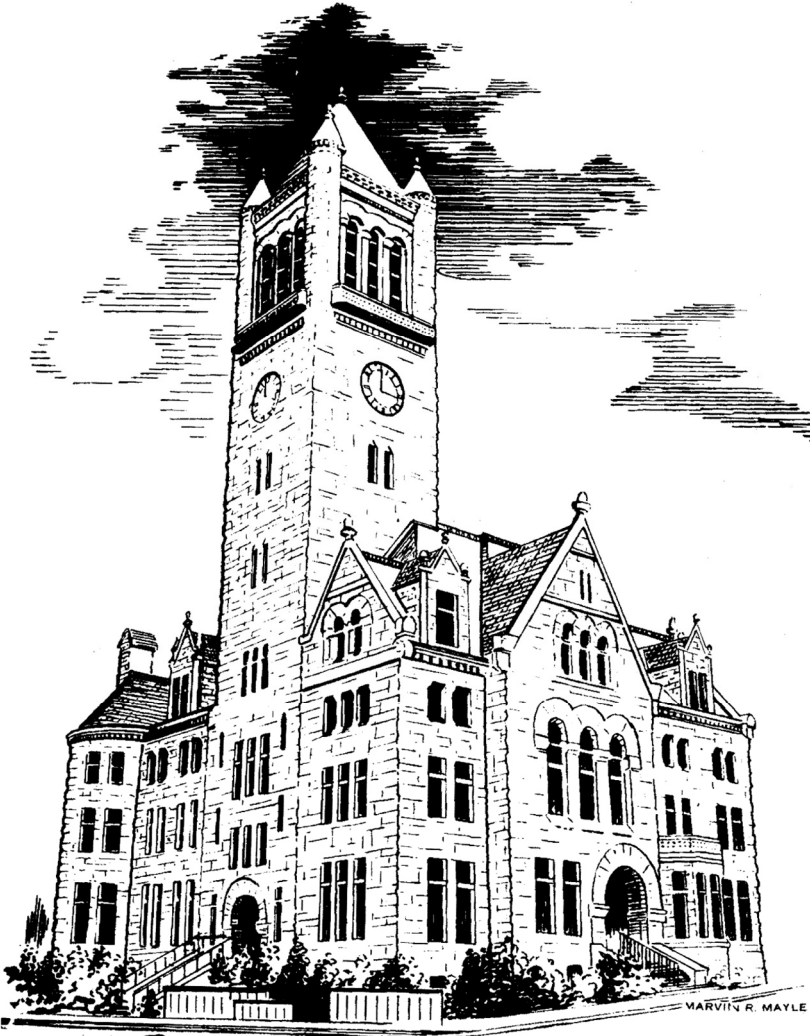


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Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary or of administration have been granted to the following estates. All persons indebted to said estates are required to make payment, and those having claims or demands to present the same without delay to the administrators or executors named.

Third Publication

SUSAN L. ATZENI, late of North Union Township, Fayette County, PA (3)

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68 South Beeson Boulevard
Uniontown, PA 15401
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PETER H. KEMP, a/k/a PETER H. KEMP,
SR.**, late of Saltlick Township, Fayette County, PA (3)

Co-Executors: Jane E. Dively,
Virginia E. Kemp and Peter H. Kemp, Jr.
191 Alpine Heights Road
Champion, PA 15622
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& Vigna
360 Stonycreek Street
Johnstown, PA 15901
Attorney: Robert E. Thomas

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107 East Main Street
Uniontown, PA 15401
Attorney: Gary J. Frankhouser

MAYNARD J. OGLETREE, late of Uniontown, Fayette County, PA (3)

Administratrix: Carla J. Turner
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99 East Main Street
Uniontown, PA 15401
Attorney: Wendy L. O'Brien

JEREMIAH PLETCHER, JR., late of Vanderbilt, Fayette County, PA (3)

Administratrix: Tawnya Trainor and
Jeremiah Pletcher, Sr.
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429 Fourth Avenue, Suite 602
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Attorney: Esther Evans

IAN PRASTER, SR., late of Brownsville Township, Fayette County, PA (3)

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155 East Coffee Street
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99 East Main Street
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451 Palmer Adah Road
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Second Publication

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Executor: Michael E. Koffler
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Attorney: Donald J. McCue

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LOUISE YAKUBEC, a/k/a PATRICIA
YAKUBEC**, late of Masontown, Fayette
County, PA (2)

Executrix: Yvonne Rafter

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Attorney: Vincent J. Roskovensky, II

First Publication

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Attorney: Charity Grimm Krupa

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Attorney: Vincent J. Roskovensky, II

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 Belle Vernon, PA 15012
 c/o Vanderman Law Offices
 142 Fallowfield Avenue
 Charleroi, PA 15022
Attorney: Kris A. Vanderman

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Executor: Frank L. Ritenour
 c/o King Legal Group, LLC
 114 North Maple Avenue
 Greensburg, PA 15601
Attorney: Robert W. King

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Administratrix: Patricia A. Rush
 1031 Scottdale Dawson Road
 Scottdale, PA 15683
 c/o 231 South Main Street, Suite 402
 Greensburg, PA 15601
Attorney: Marilyn M. Gaut

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the provisions of Act 295 of December 16, 1982, P.L. 1309, that a Certificate was filed in the Office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, on or about February 18, 2022 to conduct a business in Fayette County, Pennsylvania, under the assumed or fictitious name of Watson Mundorff Witt Dietz Gannon & Gordon with the principal place of business at: 720 Vanderbilt Road Connellsville, PA 15425. The name or names and addresses of persons owning and interested are: Watson Mundorff, LLP, 720 Vanderbilt Road, Connellsville, PA 15425.

Watson Mundorff, LLP
720 Vanderbilt Road
Connellsville, PA 15425

LEGAL NOTICE

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF
FAYETTE COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
NO. 180 OF 2022, G.D.

SHEILA M. ROWE,
PLAINTIFF,
vs.

CRYSTAL WEBER, a/k/a CRYSTAL M.
WEBER GILPIN, a/k/a CRYSTAL GILPIN,
DEFENDANT.

NOTICE TO DEFEND

TO: CRYSTAL WEBER a/k/a CRYSTAL M.
WEBER-GILPIN a/k/a CRYSTAL
GILPIN, generally:

You have been named as Defendant in an action to Quiet Title filed by the above Plaintiff against you wherein the Plaintiff alleges that they have acquired all of the interest in and to the surface, coal, oil and gas, mining, drilling and appurtenant rights of the following parcel of property unless otherwise of record in previous deeds:

Premises A

ALL that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the TOWNSHIP of BULLSKIN, County of FAYETTE and Commonwealth of

GLORIA J. SICKLES, late of Uniontown,
Fayette County, PA (1)

Personal Representative: Kathleen Sickles
c/o Davis and Davis
107 East Main Street
Uniontown, PA 15401
Attorney: Gary J. Frankhouser

VIRGINIA E. STIMMEL, late of
Connellsville, Fayette County, PA (1)

Co-Administrators: Lulu Sekeres
126 Miles Road
Connellsville, PA 15425
Mark A. Stimmel
P.O. Box 395
Dawson, PA 15428
c/o 201 North Chestnut Street
P.O. Box 342
Scottdale, PA 15683
Attorney: James S. Lederach

ROBERT R. URBAN, late of Perryopolis,
Fayette County, PA (1)

Executor: Kenneth R. Urban
232 Todd Farm Road
Belle Vernon, PA 15012
c/o Moore Becker Smarto & Ciszek, P.C.
121 West Second Street
Greensburg, PA 15601
Attorney: Gregory C. Moore

DONALD E. WALLS, late of Lake Lynn,
Fayette County, PA (1)

Personal Representative: David E. Walls
c/o P.O. Box 622
Smithfield, PA 15478
Attorney: Charity Grimm Krupa

**J. ALLEN WHYEL, a/k/a JAMES ALLEN
WHYEL**, late of Markleysburg, Fayette County,
PA (1)

Executrix: Pamela S. Whyel
c/o DeHaas Law, LLC
51 East South Street
Uniontown, PA 15401
Attorney: Ernest P. DeHaas, III

Pennsylvania, being Lot No. 837 in the BEAR ROCKS Plan No. 5 as recorded in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds of Fayette County, Pennsylvania in Plan Book Volume 10, Page 52.

IDENTIFIED as Tax/Parcel#: 04-12-0088 in the Deed Registry Office of FAYETTE COUNTY, Pennsylvania.

Premises B

ALL that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the TOWNSHIP of BULLSKIN, County of FAYETTE and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, being Lot No. 837 in the BEAR ROCKS Plan No. 5 as recorded in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds of Fayette County, Pennsylvania in Plan Book Volume 10, Page 52.

IDENTIFIED as Tax/Parcel#: 04-12-0090 in the Deed Registry Office of FAYETTE COUNTY, Pennsylvania.

Premises C

ALL that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the TOWNSHIP of BULLSKIN, County of FAYETTE and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, being Lot No. 837 in the BEAR ROCKS Plan No. 5 as recorded in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds of Fayette County, Pennsylvania in Plan Book Volume 10, Page 52.

IDENTIFIED as Tax/Parcel#: 04-12-0089 in the Deed Registry Office of FAYETTE COUNTY, Pennsylvania.

HAVING erected a dwelling thereon known as 176 Rock Pool Road, Acme, PA 15610.

SUBJECT TO and TOGETHER WITH any and all oil and gas leases, the sale of coal and mining rights and all rights relating thereto, building lines, rights-of-way, zoning regulations, building restrictions, reservations, restrictive covenants, easements, rights and obligations, encroachments, party walls, maintenance fees, association fees and/or dues if any, etc, as the same may be contained in prior instruments of record, set forth in the recorded plan and/or as shown on a survey of the property.

CURRENT TAX ID NO FOR ALL PREMISES: 04-12-0089.

You are hereby notified to plead to the complaint in this case, of which the above is a brief summary, within twenty (20) days from this date. If you wish to defend, you must enter a written appearance personally or by an attorney and file your defenses or objections in writing with the Court. You are warned that if you fail to do so, the case may proceed without you and a judgment may be entered against you without further notice for the relief requested by the

plaintiffs. You may lose money or property or other rights important to you.

YOU SHOULD TAKE THIS PAPER TO YOUR LAWYER AT ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT HAVE A LAWYER, GO TO OR TELEPHONE THE OFFICE SET FORTH BELOW. THIS OFFICE CAN PROVIDE YOU WITH INFORMATION ABOUT HIRING A LAWYER. IF YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO HIRE A LAWYER, THIS OFFICE MAY BE ABLE TO PROVIDE YOU WITH INFORMATION ABOUT AGENCIES THAT MAY OFFER LEGAL SERVICES TO ELIGIBLE PERSONS AT A REDUCED OR NO FEE.

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Registers' Notice

Notice by JEFFREY L. REDMAN, Register of Wills and
Ex-Officio Clerk of the Orphans' Court Division of the Court of Common Pleas

Notice is hereby given to heirs, legatees, creditors, and all parties in interest that accounts in the following estates have been filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court Division of the Court of Common Pleas as the case may be, on the dates stated and that the same will be presented for confirmation to the Orphans' Court Division of Fayette County on

Monday, March 7, 2022, at 9:30 A.M.

<u>Estate Number</u>	<u>Estate Name</u>	<u>Accountant</u>
2621-0110	CHARLES A. YARRIS SR.	Charles A. Yarris Jr., Executor

Notice is also hereby given that all of the foregoing Accounts will be called for Audit on

Monday, March 21, 2022, at 9:30 A.M.

in Courtroom No. 5 of the **Honorable Joseph M. George, Jr.** or his chambers, 3rd Floor, Courthouse, Uniontown, Fayette County, Pennsylvania, at which time the Court will examine and audit said accounts, hear exceptions to same or fix a time therefore, and make distribution of the balance ascertained to be in the hands of the Accountants.

WARMAN ABSTRACT & RESEARCH LLC

JOHN F. WARMAN

518 Madison Drive

Smithfield, PA 15478

724-322-6529

johnfranciswarman@gmail.com

COMMERCIAL/RESIDENTIAL/CURRENT OWNER/MINERAL TITLE

A DECADE OF EXPERIENCE

E&O INSURED

WILL TRAVEL

ACCEPTING NEW CLIENTS

JUDICIAL OPINION

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF FAYETTE COUNTY,
PENNSYLVANIA
CRIMINAL DIVISION

COMMONWEALTH OF :
PENNSYLVANIA, :
 :
VS. :
 :
PATRICK LOUIS HILEMAN, :
 :
Defendant/Petitioner. : No. 663 of 2017

OPINION AND ORDER

VERNON, J.

February 22, 2022

Before the Court is the Petition for Post-Conviction Relief filed by Defendant/Petitioner, Patrick Louis Hileman, alleging ineffective assistance of counsel in that trial counsel:

(a) Did not at trial develop from available evidence facts and circumstances tending to undermine the credibility of the alleged victim and thus, exculpate Mr. Hileman, including:

(i) That Mr. Hileman did not slam her head off of the dashboard or console in his vehicle multiple times, Mr. Hileman did not push her from his vehicle and Mr. Hileman did not drag her from his vehicle; as well as,

(ii) That the victim has a history of alcohol use and abuse and suicidal ideation.

(b) Prior to trial failed to adequately investigate and prepare for trial, including developing through investigation evidence relating to the scene of the alleged offenses; and,

(c) Prior to trial failed to adequately prepare for trial, including, preparing to use information from law enforcement investigation which tends to undermine the Commonwealth’s case, including the victim’s credibility and whether the law enforcement investigation was thorough and complete, and thus, tends to exculpate Mr. Hileman.

The trial testimony was summarized by prior Opinion of this Court, dated July 17, 2018. Petitioner was represented at trial by Thomas Shaffer, Esquire and was convicted of two counts Endangering the Welfare of Children, Aggravated Assault by Vehicle, and three counts Recklessly Endangering Another Person.

Pennsylvania has adopted the performance-and-prejudice paradigm established by the United States Supreme Court in *Strickland v. Washington*, 466 U.S. 668, 687 (1984), and requires a defendant seeking relief based upon the ineffective assistance of counsel to prove that: (1) the underlying claim has arguable merit; (2) counsel's action or inaction had no reasonable strategical basis; and (3) defendant suffered prejudice as a result of counsel's act or omission. *Commonwealth v. Pruitt*, 162 A.2d 394, 400 n.6 (Pa. 2017). Counsel is presumed to have been effective, and defendant bears the burden of proving otherwise. *Commonwealth v. Lawrence*, 165 A.3d 34, 40 (Pa. Super. 2017). The failure to satisfy any prong of the tripartite test will cause the entire claim of counsel ineffectiveness to fail. *Commonwealth v. Williams*, 141 A.3d 440, 454 (Pa. 2016).

"The threshold inquiry in ineffectiveness claims is whether the issue/argument/tactic which counsel has forgone and which forms the basis for the assertion of ineffectiveness is of arguable merit." *Commonwealth v. Pierce*, 645 A.2d 189, 194 (Pa. 1994). "A claim has arguable merit where the factual averments, if accurate, could establish cause for relief," and the question of whether the facts rise to the level of arguable merit is a legal determination. *Commonwealth v. Sandusky*, 203 A.3d 1033, 1043 (Pa. Super. 2019). "Counsel cannot be found ineffective for failing to pursue a baseless or meritless claim." *Commonwealth v. Bickerstaff*, 204 A.3d 988, 992 (Pa. Super. 2019).

If a defendant satisfies the threshold requirement of demonstrating that the underlying claim is of arguable merit, the PCRA court must then "'apply the 'reasonable basis' test to determine whether counsel's chosen course was designed to effectuate his client's interests.'" *Pierce*, 645 A.2d at 194. "The test for deciding whether counsel had a reasonable basis for his action or inaction is whether no competent counsel would have chosen that action or inaction, or, the alternative, not chosen, offered a significantly greater potential chance of success." *Sandusky*, 203 A.3d at 1043. In making that determination, "we do not question whether there were other more logical courses of action which counsel could have pursued." *Commonwealth v. Chmiel*, 30 A.3d 1111, 1127 (Pa. 2011). Under the "reasonable basis" standard, the "'evaluation of counsel's performance is highly deferential, and the reasonableness of counsel's decisions cannot be based upon the distorting effects of hindsight.'" *Commonwealth v. Kelley*, 136 A.3d 1007, 1012 (Pa. Super. 2017). If "the particular course chosen by counsel had some reasonable basis, our inquiry ceases and counsel's assistance is deemed effective." *Commonwealth v. Bickerstaff*, 204 A.3d 988 (Pa. Super. 2019). Furthermore, "'boilerplate allegations and bald assertions of no reasonable basis and/or ensuing prejudice cannot satisfy [defendant's] burden to prove that counsel was ineffective.'" *Sandusky*, 203 A.3d at 1044.

The requisite prejudice "'is established when a defendant demonstrates that counsel's chosen course of action had an actual adverse effect on the outcome of the proceedings.'" *Commonwealth v. Chambers*, 807 A.2d 872, 883 (Pa. 2002). A reasonable probability that the outcome would have been different, but for counsel's unprofessional errors, "is a probability sufficient to undermine confidence in the outcome." *Sandusky*, 203 A.3d at 1044. To meet that burden, defendant "must show that counsel's errors were so serious as to deprive the defendant of a fair trial, a trial whose result is reliable." *Chambers*, 807 A.2d at 883.

In his first claim of ineffectiveness, Petitioner alleges that trial counsel failed to confront the victim, nor develop through the victim's sister, hospital personnel, or Affiant Trooper Joshua Janosko, the prior statement that Petitioner "slammed" her head off the vehicle's console as compared to her testimony that Petitioner was "slamming" her head.

The Court finds this allegation of ineffectiveness to be without merit. The use of the word "slammed" in the past tense is not definitive as to how many times the action occurred, as Petitioner now argues that "slammed" means it only occurred once. In the context of the victim's statement, and from the Court's review of her statement, the use of the word "slammed" could have been used in the singular or plural and is not inconsistent with the victim's later statements and testimony. This interpretation is supported by the record wherein during cross-examination the victim testified, "He grabbed me from the back of my hair and slammed my head into the dash, sir!" N.T., 4/2-3/2018, at 61. During this testimony, the victim clearly used "slammed" to mean the action occurred more than one time.

Petitioner's second allegation of ineffectiveness alleges that trial counsel failed to confront the victim with her memory, or lack thereof, as to how she ended up out of the vehicle, whether she was pushed or shoved by Petitioner, or whether she did not remember. During cross-examination, trial counsel questioned the victim whether she told medical personnel that she was pushed rather than jumped. *Id.* at 63. Upon the Commonwealth's objection, the Court ruled that the determination of whether the victim was pushed or jumped out of the car is a question of fact for the jury and therefore allowed the questioning. *Id.* Trial counsel then questioned whether the victim told the police that she jumped from the car or whether she fell from the car and was not pushed, and in response the victim denied making the statements. *Id.* Thus, trial counsel did confront the victim with alternate versions of how she fell from the car. Ultimately, the jury believed the victim, a victim who had suffered head injuries, and the jury excused any inconsistencies in her memory when it convicted Petitioner. Trial counsel effectively cross-examined the victim and elicited testimony that would support his trial strategy – that the victim was not pushed out of the car by Petitioner – and thus, this issue is also without merit.

Petitioner next alleges that trial counsel failed to subpoena personnel from UPMC – Mercy Hospital that the victim had a prior medical history of depression and suicide attempts, as well as a prior history of using and abusing alcohol. This allegation, too, is without merit as trial counsel did develop the victim's history of depression and suicide attempts. *Id.* at 62-63. The victim admitted that she had suicidal thoughts and depression "as a teenager", but that "[a]s an adult, [she has] never suffered with any kind of depression or suicidal tendencies." *Id.* at 62-63. The medical record submitted as Exhibit "B" to the Petition recites, "This is a 34 yowf with pmh depression (with prior suicide attempts) [...]."

The medical record does not reflect a time frame of the victim's depression or prior suicide attempts and does not indicate that the victim was currently depressed or suicidal at the time she was assaulted by Petitioner. Consequently, the testimony of hospital personnel would have been consistent with the victim's admissions – that at some unknown prior time in her life she was depressed or suicidal. Since the medical records do

not reflect a time frame that the victim was suicidal or impaired, the testimony of hospital personnel would not have been relevant.

Petitioner next alleges ineffectiveness for failing to confront the victim or Trooper Janosko with the condition of his vehicle, specifically that they did not observe blood on the dash, radio, or climate controls or other evidence of an altercation having occurred in the motor vehicle, e.g., damage, spilled drinks or food, damaged clothing, or loose or broken jewelry.

The record is devoid of evidence whether the victim was bleeding inside of the car or whether damage or other evidence existed inside of the car. The Court cannot agree that that the outcome of the trial would have been different had this evidence been presented. In fact, the lack of testimony as to blood, damage, spilled drinks or food, damaged clothing, or loose or broken jewelry by the Commonwealth, worked to Petitioner's advantage as this lack of evidence supported Petitioner's theory of the case – that the victim herself jumped from his car.

Petitioner next claims ineffective assistance in that his trial counsel could have impeached the victim's claims of having been dragged three to five minutes and then having backed up his vehicle for three to five minutes had trial counsel presented the nature of the road, the type of road surface, and maps and photographs of the area. Trial counsel did confront the victim with her testimony whether she was drug for a time of three to five minutes, to which she responded, "I think three to five minutes," and "I don't know, again, I was not timing it." *Id.* at 69. The road, maps, or photographs would have no effect on the outcome of this trial as Petitioner has failed to prove why the condition of the road would be relevant in light of the fact that any amount of dragging on a roadway of any composition is a serious criminal event.

Attorney Shaffer testified credibly that he was an experienced criminal defense attorney and was prepared for this trial. Attorney Shaffer testified that his strategy was to prove Petitioner could not have pushed the victim from his car and the record of the trial supported this strategy in his cross-examination of prosecution witnesses, including the victim, and through the direct testimony of Petitioner. The credible testimony and evidence establish that Attorney Shaffer satisfied his obligation of providing effective representation to Petitioner at his trial. Petitioner has not demonstrated that Attorney Shaffer failed to fulfill his duty to provide effective representation, or that he suffered prejudice as a result of any of his alleged breaches of that duty.

It is the defendant's burden, on postconviction review, to establish a constitutional infraction. *Com. v. Sattzahn*, 952 A.2d 640 (Pa. 2008). The law presumes that counsel is effective and acts in the interests of the client, and the burden of demonstrating ineffectiveness rests with the petitioner. *Id.* Finding that Petitioner has failed to meet his burden following the credible testimony of Attorney Shaffer, the claims of Petitioner lack merit and he is not entitled to Post Conviction Collateral Relief.

At the time set for hearing, Petitioner attempted to call Thomas N. Farrell, Esquire as an expert in the field of Pennsylvania criminal law and procedure and trial strategy and tactics in support of his Petition to "assist the fact-finder in assessing whether there is a basis in the record for the acts and omissions of trial counsel on which the

[Petitioner] relies to support his claim of ineffectiveness.” See, Brief in Support of Admission of Expert Testimony filed by Petitioner. The Commonwealth objected and the Court sustained the objection finding that an attorney could not serve as an expert to determine the propriety of trial counsel’s action since the legal determination of effectiveness is one to be decided by the Court.

The Superior Court has held that admission of testimony by an attorney acting as an expert was improper when the attorney addressed the legal issue to be decided by the court. *Commonwealth v. Neal*, 618 A.2d 438, 439 (Pa. Super. 1992). A court may not abdicate its role to determine the ultimate issue by allowing expert testimony.

In his brief, Petitioner cites *Commonwealth v. Gorby*, 909 A.2d 775, 788 (Pa. 2006) as authority arguing that the “Pennsylvania Supreme Court implicitly acknowledged that such testimony may assist a trial court designated to undertake this task.” In *Gorby*, while analyzing an ineffectiveness claim, the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania wrote:

At the hearing on remand, Appellant was unable to question his counsel from the direct appeal, since that attorney had died during the course of the litigation. Appellant, however, presented testimony from two lawyers with substantial defense experience in capital litigation, who opined that Appellant’s claim of ineffective assistance of trial counsel at the penalty phase of trial was strong and apparent from the record.

Gorby, 909 A.2d 775, 788.

The direct appeal counsel in *Gorby* was deceased at the time of postconviction review. Upon this Court’s review of the *Gorby* decision, we cannot find that the Supreme Court considered the admissibility of expert testimony of an attorney purporting to critique prior counsel in postconviction relief proceedings. Although this issue was neither before the Supreme Court nor addressed by the majority opinion of the Court, the dissenting opinion deemed disapproval of this exact type of expert testimony necessary to comment:

Finally, I write to address the fact, noted and summarized by the Majority, but wisely not relied upon in its legal analysis, that appellant attempted to discharge his burden of proving appellate counsel ineffective by presenting the opinion testimony of two criminal defense lawyers who, not surprisingly, each felt that appellate counsel—who was not alive to rebut the opinions—was incompetent. See Majority op. at 787-88. I fail to see any relevance in this sort of testimony whatsoever. Certainly, lawyers learned in the law, and experienced in criminal defense appeals, have a reasonable pretension to specialized knowledge in this area and, if the question were one for a jury, their opinions may be relevant. But such opinions are not relevant to the ultimate Strickland question courts must decide upon collateral attack. The question of constitutional effectiveness is decided only by jurists, and a judge is hardly in need of the “expert” testimonial views of lawyers in order to make that determination. Courts are at least equally suited to assess attorney performance; indeed, given the obvious potential for bias on the part of lawyers caught in an adversarial system, courts are better situated. If the approach were otherwise, all PCRA hearings would

be reduced to contrasting “expert” opinions from lawyers presented by the defense (and countered by the opinions of prosecution “experts”) as to just who was ineffective (and who wasn’t) in the conduct of a trial. Also, if the approach were otherwise, this Court and the Superior Court could be inundated with the “expert” views of lawyer amici telling us how we should decide Strickland questions. The role of lawyers on the question of ineffectiveness is as advocates, not as experts; anything an “expert” would say from the stand, the defendant’s lawyer can simply argue from the bar or, more properly, argue in the brief. Thus I, for one, do not view the opinion testimony of lawyers as relevant proof of the effectiveness, or lack of effectiveness, of the defendant’s prior counsel. See *Commonwealth v. Neal*, 421 Pa.Super. 478, 618 A.2d 438 (1992) (error to admit attorney-expert testimony on issue of trial counsel’s ineffectiveness).

WHEREFORE, we will enter the following Order denying the Amended Petition for Post-Conviction Collateral Relief.

ORDER

AND NOW, this 22nd day of February, 2022, upon consideration of Petition for Post-Conviction Relief filed by Defendant/Petitioner, Patrick Louis Hileman, it is hereby ORDERED and DECREED that the Petition is DENIED in accordance with the foregoing Opinion.

BY THE COURT:
NANCY D. VERNON, JUDGE

ATTEST:
Clerk of Courts

LUNCH & LEARN SERIES

The Fayette County Bar Association's first 2022 presentation in its Lunch & Learn Series will be:

- Date: **Wednesday, March 2nd** from 12:00 p.m. to 1:30 p.m.
- Location: Courtroom No. 3 of the Fayette County Courthouse
- Discussion topics: **Children & Youth Services Mental Health Placements** - The difference between Residential Treatment Facilities, Community Residential Rehabilitation, and Inpatient hospitalization; and what is required of each level of care, along with an overview of Fayette services and access
- Presenter: **Michelle DeForrest**, M.S.Ed., NCC, LPC Fayette County Care Manager Supervisor
- Moderator: **Honorable Judge Linda R. Cordaro**, Fayette County Court of Common Pleas

Attorneys serving or interested in serving as Guardian Ad Litem or Parents' Counsel for CYs are encouraged to attend.

CLE Credit

1.5 hours of Substantive CLE credit for the program. The fees are as follows:

Members of the FCBA

- No charge for attendance without CLE Credit
- \$10 fee for attendance with CLE Credit

Attorneys admitted to practice in Pennsylvania after January 1, 2017

- No charge for attendance with CLE Credit

Non-members of the FCBA

- \$10 fee for attendance without CLE Credit
- \$40 fee for attendance with CLE Credit

**** All fees to be paid at the door ****
A light lunch will be provided.

RSVP

If interested in attending, please call Cindy at the Bar office at 724-437-7994 or by email to cindy@fcbar.org on or before Monday, February 28th.

BAR BANQUET SAVE-THE-DATE



Fayette County Bar Association
Bar Banquet

Friday, April 29th
Nemacolin Woodlands

Invitation to follow

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It's what your clients deserve.*

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